

NGC104	⊕	47 Tucanae, an intense globular cluster containing millions of stars. Easy to locate. A nice object for beginners in astrophotography.
NGC2070		The Tarantula Nebula, such a beautiful object in the Large Magellanic Cloud. Worth a trip to the southern hemisphere with your camera.
NGC5128	0	Centaurus A, a wonderful galaxy with round bright core and a large dust ring. A must for astrophotographers.
M4	⊕	A globular cluster. It appears as a fuzzy object in small telescopes. Quite easy to locate as it is very close to Antares.
M5	⊕	A globular cluster, appearing as a cloudy spot with binoculars. Difficult to locate though as it has no bright neighboring star. Use the PathFinder function from Arcturus.
M8		The Lagoon Nebula, a giant interstellar cloud in the Milky Way. Appears as a white fuzzy object in binoculars. A must for astrophotography.
M10	⊕	Easily seen with binoculars as a nebulous spot. Individual stars can be identified with larger telescopes. Good candidate for astrophotography.
M16		An open cluster in the Eagle Nebula. Appears as a diffuse spot. The nebula can only be observed with astrophotography. Also known as the 'Pillars of the creation'.
M19	\oplus	A globular cluster close to Antares. Appears as a diffuse spot with binoculars.
M22	⊕	Well observed with binoculars even if no stars can be identified. Close to Kaus Borealis and easy to locate. Contains a planetary nebula accessible to larger telescopes.
M28	⊕	A small tightly packed globular cluster in the Milky Way. Easy to locate, close to Kaus Borealis. Can be observed with binoculars.
M53	\oplus	A small globular cluster looking like M3. Hard to distinguish individual stars in the cluster. Reached by star hopping from Vindemiatrix.
M62	Ф	A compact globular cluster near the center of the Milky Way. Bright. Easy to find near ε-scorpii.
IC2602		The Theta Carinae Cluster or Southern Pleiades is fainter than the Pleiades. Best views with binoculars, from Miaplacidus.





<u>Starma</u>



The map shows what you see looking at the zenith. The apparent inversion of East and West compared to road maps is normal. Hold the map face down above your head, and the cardinal points will be oriented as usual.

As a starting point, face North, holding the map in your eyesight direction, with its North down. As you change the direction, rotate the map accordingly.

The objects listed on the first page can be observed with naked eyes, in clear skies, with moderate light pollution. Close your eyes one minute and let them adapt to darkness. You will be surprised how many more details will be apparent.

Using binoculars, preferably with a tripod, will considerably enhance your star gazing experience. Many deep sky objects like galaxies and clusters will be within reach. Jupiter satellites and Saturn's rings will also be visible. A spectacular experience for beginners in astronomy...

Avoid the nights when the Moon is too bright as its light would make the observation of faint objects

FOR LARGER TELESCOPES [1]

M20		The Trifid Nebula, a must for telescope owners. Best observed with astrophotography.
M54	⊕	Another small globular cluster, close to ζ -centauri. A very dense cluster, best observed with astrophotography.
M64	0	The Black Eye Galaxy is another beautiful object best seen with astrophotography. Beautiful contrast between the surrounding dust and its bright core.
M88	0	A faint spiral galaxy in the Virgo Cluster. Nice bluish color with a bright yellow core.
M104	0	The Sombrero Galaxy is a must for astrophotographers. A beautiful halo around a central bright core and a very contrasted outer ring of dust.
NGC6302		The Bug Nebula or Butterfly Nebula is a bipolar planetary nebula. Small and bright object.
M12	\oplus	A globular cluster, reserved to larger telescopes or astrophotography given its low stars density.
M18		An open cluster with wonderful bluish stars on long exposures
M49	0	One of the brightest galaxy in the Virgo cluster. An elliptical galaxy with no arms to be seen. Star hopping from <i>∂</i> -Virgo.
M58	0	A barred spiral galaxy in Virgo. Best suited for astrophotography with a large telescope.